## MOST IMPORTANT TOPICS FOR JEE MAINS PHYSICS 2020

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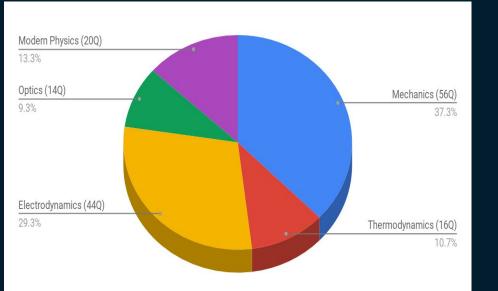
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### **Overall Analysis** JEE MAIN JANUARY 2020

#### All papers (7/8/9 Jan) = 150 Questions



# **Most Important Units**

- **1**. Mechanics
- 2. Electromagnetism
- 3. Modern physics

### **Next Important Units**

4. Waves

5. Heat & Thermodynamics6. Optics

# Must do chapters

- Electrostatics and capacitance
- Current electricity
- Rotational motion

Let's look at the most important concepts from each chapter

CHAPTER	MOST IMPORTANT CONCEPTS( repeated)	
Motion in 1D	<ul> <li>Stopping distance</li> <li>Equation of motion</li> <li>Free fall-two bodies at the same time</li> <li>Graphs</li> </ul>	
Motion in 2D	<ul><li> Projectile motion</li><li> vectors</li></ul>	
Laws of motion	<ul> <li>String -block and pulley-block.</li> <li>Apparent weight inside a lift</li> <li>Equilibrium of a body</li> <li>Coefficient of friction</li> <li>Block on a inclined plane( most repeated)</li> <li>Block held stationary against a wall</li> <li>Problems are combined with rotational motion</li> </ul>	

CHAPTER	MOST IMPORTANT CONCEPTS( repeated)
Elasticity	<ul> <li>Change in length of a wire due to stress</li> <li>Work done in stretching</li> <li>Problems from this section are generally combined with thermal expansion, SHM, waves on a string and mechanics</li> <li>Bulk modulus</li> </ul>
Thermal expansion	<ul> <li>Thermal stress( two rods fixed between rigid support then heated or cooled)</li> <li>Relation among coefficients of expansion</li> </ul>
Calorimetry & heat transfer	<ul> <li>Calorimetry problems are similar as they all involve just equating heat lost to heat gained</li> <li>Effective thermal resistance of composite slab, concentric cylinders or spheres.</li> <li>Temperature at the interface of two slabs, T shape, Y shape or any other shape.</li> <li>Stefan's law- power radiated by a body- radiant energy received on earth</li> </ul>

CHAPTER	MOST IMPORTANT CONCEPTS( repeated)
Work, power and energy and collisions	<ul> <li>→ Vertical circle</li> <li>→ Work calculation when force and displacement are given in vector form</li> <li>→ Work done by spring force-</li> <li>→ spring -mass</li> <li>→ Combined with collisons( Energy loss due to collision/ final speed after collision)</li> <li>→ Power</li> </ul>
COM & Rotational motion	<ul> <li>→ Body breaks into two parts during motion, velocity of COM</li> <li>→ Finding coordinates of COM</li> <li>→ MOI of rigid body using theorem of perpendicular and parallel axis</li> <li>→ Torque and rotational equilibrium</li> <li>→ Angular velocity and conservation of angular momentum</li> <li>→ Circular disk or cylinder as pulley, cylinder and rope</li> <li>→ Rod pivoted at one end</li> <li>→ Rolling without slipping</li> </ul>

CHAPTER	MOST IMPORTANT CONCEPTS( repeated)
Gravitation	<ul> <li>Gravitational potential energy</li> <li>Energy required to launch a satellite into a orbit + energy to move from one orbit to another+ orbital time period</li> <li>Escape velocity</li> <li>Variation of g with altitude and depth</li> <li>graphs</li> </ul>
Fluid mechanics	<ul> <li>Pressure due to two immiscible liquids</li> <li>Terminal velocity</li> <li>Excess pressure - soap bubble( work done to blow a bubble) and water droplet</li> <li>Work done by surface tension</li> <li>Buoyant force</li> <li>Equation of continuity and bernoulli's theorem</li> <li>Velocity of efflux</li> </ul>

CHAPTER	MOST IMPORTANT CONCEPTS ( repeated)
Kinetic theory of gases	<ul> <li>rms speed</li> <li>Molar specific heats</li> <li>Mixture of gases - ratio of Cp and Cv, calculation of thermal energy, internal energy and total energy</li> <li>Mean free path</li> </ul>
Thermodynamics	<ul> <li>Calculation of work done or change in internal energy of system using first law of thermodynamics for various processes</li> <li>Adiabatic process</li> <li>Work done and efficiency of cyclic process</li> <li>Carnot engine</li> <li>Indicator diagrams ( representation of same process in different state variables)</li> </ul>

CHAPTER	MOST IMPORTANT CONCEPTS (repeated)
SHM	<ul> <li>Equation of SHM</li> <li>Phase difference</li> <li>Spring-block system (parallel and series combination)</li> <li>Change in time period of pendulum with length and mass</li> <li>Time period when point of suspension accelerates(lift, inclined plane and circular turn)</li> </ul>
String Waves & Sound waves	<ul> <li>General equation of travelling wave</li> <li>Interference of waves</li> <li>Stationary waves</li> <li>Organ pipes and resonance column</li> <li>Intensity of wave</li> <li>Doppler effect+beats</li> </ul>

CHAPTER	MOST IMPORTANT CONCEPTS( repeated)
Electrostatic field	<ul> <li>Charge configuration in equilibrium</li> <li>Force between two charged conductors after contact</li> <li>Field due to variable charge density ( density as a function of r)</li> <li>Flux involving cube</li> <li>Field due to dipole</li> </ul>
Electrostatic potential	<ul> <li>Work done in moving a charge between two points</li> <li>Potential of concentric spherical shells</li> <li>Graph of variation of potential and electric field with distance</li> <li>Potential energy of system of charges</li> </ul>
Capacitance	<ul> <li>Dielectric filled between capacitor plates</li> <li>Equivalent capacitor</li> <li>Energy stored in a capacitor</li> <li>Charging and discharging</li> </ul>

CHAPTER	MOST IMPORTANT CONCEPTS
Current electricity	<ul> <li>→ Equivalent resistance</li> <li>→ Power and heating effect</li> <li>→ Potentiometer and metre bridge</li> <li>→ Combination of cells</li> </ul>
Moving charges and magnetic effects of current	<ul> <li>→ Lorentz force and circular motion of a charged particle in magnetic field</li> <li>→ Net magnetic field at a point due to current carrying conductors in various shapes</li> <li>→ Magnetic field of circular loops (two loops arranged parallel and perpendicular to each other)</li> <li>→ Solenoid and toroid</li> <li>→ Galvanometer</li> <li>→ Magnetic moment</li> </ul>
Electromagnetic induction and Alternating current and	<ul> <li>→ Induced emf (varying magnetic field, varying area, rotation of loop)</li> <li>→ Motional emf</li> <li>→ Mutual inductance and self induction</li> <li>→ LCR circuit problems, Power factor</li> <li>→ Phase difference</li> <li>→ Resonant frequency</li> <li>→ Efficiency of transformer</li> </ul>

CHAPTER	MOST IMPORTANT CONCEPTS( repeated)	
Ray optics	<ul> <li>Inclined mirrors + number of images formed</li> <li>Mirror equation</li> <li>Lateral shift</li> <li>Apparent depth</li> <li>Relation between critical angle and refractive index ( fish looking up through water surface</li> <li>Minimum deviation and prism</li> <li>Lens makers formula +thin lens equation</li> <li>Combination of lenses ( concave and convex lens separated by a distance, plano concave and plano convex lens)</li> <li>Lenses and glass slab ( shift in the position of images)</li> <li>Magnification of compound microscope and telescope</li> </ul>	
Wave optics	<ul> <li>Interference conditions, maximum and minimum intensity</li> <li>Diffraction due to single slit</li> <li>Young's double slit experiment</li> <li>Malus law</li> </ul>	

CHAPTER	MOST IMPORTANT CONCEPTS( repeated)
Dual nature of matter	<ul> <li>De Broglie wavelength</li> <li>Photoelectric effect -work function , threshold frequency, maximum velocity ( kinetic energy ) of ejected electrons, stopping potential</li> <li>graphs</li> </ul>
atoms	<ul> <li>Energy required for electron excitation</li> <li>Transition of electrons( diagram, frequency and wavelength of emitted radiation)</li> <li>Radii and energy levels of possible orbitals for a given central potential U(r)</li> </ul>
nuclei	<ul> <li>Decay constant, half life</li> <li>Binding energy</li> <li>Energy released due to fission</li> <li>Alpha and beta decay</li> </ul>

CHAPTER	MOST IMPORTANT CONCEPTS (repeated)
EMW	<ul> <li>Equation of electromagnetic wave</li> <li>Relation between electric field component and magnetic field component</li> <li>Force on charged particle due to electromagnetic wave</li> <li>Energy density</li> </ul>
Semiconductors	<ul> <li>Concentration of electrons and holes</li> <li>Mobility of electrons</li> <li>Diodes circuit</li> <li>Zener diode as voltage regulator</li> <li>Logic gates + boolean expression + input and output signals</li> </ul>

**WORKING SMART DOESN'T MEAN WORKING LESS.** IT MEANS **WORKING HARD ON WHAT** TRULY MATTERS

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